

# Safety Data Sheet

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law. Issue date: 24/06/2005 Revision date: 04/09/2025 Supersedes: 15/07/2025 Version: 15.0

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Substance name : Methylene Chloride

Chemical name : dichloromethane; methylene chloride

 IUPAC name
 : dichloromethane

 EC-No.
 : 200-838-9

 CAS-No.
 : 75-09-2

 Product code
 : MECHGEN

 Formula
 : CH2CI2

Synonyms : Dichloromethane, DCM, Meth Chloride

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use

Use of the substance/mixture : Colouring agent, Foaming or blowing agent, anti-set off and adhesive agent, Heat transfer

agent, Chemical intermediate, Laboratory chemical, Solvent, Plating agent, Metal surface

treating agent, Processing aid.

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

Restrictions on use : Shall not be placed on the market after 27 June 2010, for supply to the general public, as a

constituent of paints, paint strippers, cleaning agents, self-shining emulsions or floor

sealants in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Distributor

J.V. Barrett & Co. Ltd Ltd St Ivel Way Warmley

United Kingdom- BS30 8TY Bristol

United Kingdom

T +44 (0)1179 60 00 60

sales@barrettine.co.uk - www.barrettine.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +44 (0) 1179 600060 (Office hours only 8am - 5pm Mon- Thurs. 8 am - 4.30 pm Fri.)

+44 (0) 1865 407333 (Out of hours emergency number)

Country/Area	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
United Kingdom	NHS 111/NHS 24/NHS Direct		111 0845 4647	or call a doctor

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 H319
Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H351
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis H336

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

## Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

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#### 2.2. Label elements

# Labelling according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)

Hazard pictograms (GHS UK)





GHS07

Signal word (GHS UK)

Hazard statements (GHS UK)

Precautionary statements (GHS UK)

: Warning

: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing fume, mist, spray, vapours.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to a hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance does not meet the PBT criteria of UK REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the vPvB criteria of UK REACH regulation, annex XIII

#### **Results of Endocrine Disruptor assessment**

The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of UK REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in GB BPR and GB PPP

Other information

: Methylene chloride is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.

Methylene chloride can cause narcosis. Never use methylene chloride in poorly ventilated areas as it can produce considerable quantities of vapour, even at room temperature, that can cause serious and immediate adverse health effects including loss of consciousness and death. Methylene chloride vapours are more dense than air amd may accumulate in containers or low-lying areas.

Thermal decomposition and burning will evolve toxic and corrosive vapours of hydrogen chloride and phosgene.

Due to the risk of explosion DO NOT weld, cut or burn drums or other vessels which contain or have contained methylene chloride.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2019:720 as amended)
Methylene Chloride	CAS-No.: 75-09-2 EC-No.: 200-838-9		Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

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#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult,

trained personnel should give oxygen. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

Self protection of the first-aider : First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : In high concentrations vapours cause anaesthetic and narcotic effect. Symptoms of

overexposure to vapours include : headache, fatigue, dizziness, central nervous system

depression, intoxication, unconsciouness (potentially leading to death).

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : No fire hazard

Explosion hazard : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not enter fire area without proper

protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained

breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

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Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Methods for cleaning up

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Absorb spilled material with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Stop leak without risks if possible.

: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or

public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorised site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Provide local

exhaust or general room ventilation.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place away from heat.

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Storage area : Store away from heat.

Packaging materials : Store always product in container of same material as original container.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Dichloromethane	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA)	353 mg/m³	
	100 ppm	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	706 mg/m³	
	200 ppm	

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Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)			
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)		
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE		
United Kingdom - Biological limit values			
Local name	Dichlorometane		
BMGV	30 ppm Parameter: carbon monoxide - Medium: end-tidal breath - Sampling time: Post shift		
Remark	Quantifying Dichloromethane exposure via urine is now the prefered method. See https://www.hsl.gov.uk/media/1661166/bmgv_dcm.docx		
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE		

#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	706 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	12 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	353 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	353 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0.06 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	88.3 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	5.82 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.31 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.031 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.27 mg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	2.57 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.26 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	0.33 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	26 mg/l

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

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#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure that there is a suitable ventilation system. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

# Personal protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

# Eye protection:

Safety glasses

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Hand protection						
Туре	Material		Thickness (mm)	Penetration	Standard	
Repeated or prolonged exposure	Fluoroelastomer (FKM)	6 (> 480 minutes)	>/= 0.4		EN ISO 374	

#### Other skin protection

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Wear protective clothing

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

# Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Respiratory protection					
	Device	Filter type	Condition	Standard	
	Full face mask	Type AX - Low-boiling (<65 °C) organic compounds	Gas protection	EN 136	

## 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

# 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

# Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

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Colour : clear.

Molecular mass : 84.933 g/mol Source: ECHA

Odour : characteristic. Odour threshold :  $\approx 200 \text{ ppm}$  pH : Not available

Melting point : -95 °C Atm. press.: 101,3 kPa Decomposition: 'no'

Freezing point : Not available

Boiling point : 40 °C Atm. press.: 101,3 kPa Decomposition: 'no'

Flash point : Not available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : 71 Source: HSDB
Flammability : Non-flammable
Lower explosion limit : Not available

Upper explosion limit : 13 – 22 % Source: ICSC Vapour pressure : 58400 Pa Temp.: 25 °C

Vapour pressure at 50°C : Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C : 2.93 Source: HSDB

Relative density : 1.33 Type: 'relative density' Temp.: 20 °C

Density : 1.33 g/cm³ Type: 'density' Temp.: 20 °C

Solubility : Soluble in organic solvents. Slightly soluble in: Water.

Water: 13.2 g/l at 25°C pH: 7 Source: ECHA

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : 1.25 Source: ECHA
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) : Not available

Auto-ignition temperature : 605 °C Source: ECHA

Viscosity, dynamic : 0.42 mPa·s Temp.: 'other:298.15K' Parameter: 'dynamic viscosity (in mPa s)'

Explosive properties : Not available

Oxidising properties : No oxidising properties.

#### 9.2. Other information

Particle characteristics : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxidizing agent. Non-ferrous metals. Metallic salts.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Chlorine. Carbon monoxide. Phosgene.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification crite	eria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification crite	eria are not met)

flethylene Chloride (75-09-2)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

	· ·	o apposite a second cancer.
	Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	
	IARC group	2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity :		Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)			
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	6 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)		

Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)			
Viscosity, kinematic	0.316 mm²/s		

#### **Other information**

No additional information available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: The product is not considered	harmful to aquatic organisms nor to	o cause long-term adverse
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effects in the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

(acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

(chronic)

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	193 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
NOEC chronic algae	550 mg/l

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.25 Source: ECHA

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#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)

This substance does not meet the PBT criteria of UK REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance does not meet the vPvB criteria of UK REACH regulation, annex XIII

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Do not burn empty packaging. Do not cut using a blowtorch. Disposal must be done

according to official regulations.

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number				
UN 1593	UN 1593	UN 1593	UN 1593	UN 1593
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
DICHLOROMETHANE	DICHLOROMETHANE	Dichloromethane	DICHLOROMETHANE	DICHLOROMETHANE
Transport document descr	iption			
UN 1593 DICHLOROMETHANE, 6.1, III, (E)	UN 1593 DICHLOROMETHANE, 6.1, III	UN 1593 Dichloromethane, 6.1, III	UN 1593 DICHLOROMETHANE, 6.1, III	UN 1593 DICHLOROMETHANE, 6.1, III
14.3. Transport hazard o	class(es)			
6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
6	6	6	6	6
14.4. Packing group				
III	III	III	III	III
14.5. Environmental haz	zards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
No supplementary information	n available			<u> </u>

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# 14.6. Special precautions for user

**Overland transport** 

Classification code (ADR) : T1
Special provisions (ADR) : 516
Limited quantities (ADR) : 51
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E1

Packing instructions (ADR) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Special packing provisions (ADR) : B8
Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR) : T7
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP2

(ADR)

Tank code (ADR) : L4BH
Tank special provisions (ADR) : TU15, TE19

Vehicle for tank carriage : AT

Transport category (ADR) : 2

Special provisions for carriage - Packages (ADR) : V12

Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading : CV13, CV28

and handling (ADR)

Special provisions for carriage - Operation (ADR)  $\phantom{0}$  : S9 Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)  $\phantom{0}$  :  $\phantom{0}$  :  $\phantom{0}$ 

Orange plates :

60 1593

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : E EAC code : 2Z

Transport by sea

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1 : P001, LP01 Packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03 IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : B8 IBC special provisions (IMDG) Tank instructions (IMDG) : T7 : TP2 Tank special provisions (IMDG) : F-A EmS-No. (Fire) : S-A EmS-No. (Spillage) Stowage category (IMDG) : A Segregation (IMDG) : SGG10

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless, volatile liquid with heavy vapours. Boiling point: 40°C. When involved in a fire,

evolves extremely toxic fumes (phosgene). Toxic if swallowed, by skin contact or by

inhalation.

Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y642 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) 2L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 655 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 60L : 663 CAO packing instructions (IATA) CAO max net quantity (IATA) · 220I ERG code (IATA) : 6L

Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : T1

Special provisions (ADN) : 516, 802

Limited quantities (ADN) : 5 L

Excepted quantities (ADN) : E1

Equipment required (ADN) : PP, EP, TOX, A

Ventilation (ADN) : VE02

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Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 0

Rail transport

Classification code (RID) : T1
Special provisions (RID) : 516
Limited quantities (RID) : 5L
Excepted quantities (RID) : E1

Packing instructions (RID) : P001, IBC03, LP01, R001

Special packing provisions (RID) : B8

Mixed packing provisions (RID) : MP19

Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID) : T7

Portable tank and bulk container special provisions : TP2

(RID)

Tank codes for RID tanks (RID): L4BHSpecial provisions for RID tanks (RID): TU15Transport category (RID): 2Special provisions for carriage – Packages (RID): W12

Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading : CW13, CW28, CW31

and handling (RID)

Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE8
Hazard identification number (RID) : 60

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. National regulations

#### **UK REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

UK restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(b)	Methylene Chloride	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
59.	Methylene Chloride	Dichloromethane

#### **UK REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

This substance is not listed on UK REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **UK REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

This substance is not listed on the UK REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

#### **GB PIC regulation (Prior Informed Conset)**

This substance is not listed on the GB PIC List

#### **POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)**

This substance is not listed on the GB POP List

#### Ozone Regulation (S.I. No. 168 of 2015)

This substance is not listed on the GB Ozone Depletion List

#### **Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors Act**

This substance is not listed as a reportable poison on the Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors Regulations
This substance is not listed as a regulated poison on the Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors Regulations
This substance is not listed as a reportable explosive precursor on the Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors Regulations

This substance is not listed as a reportable explosive precursor on the Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors (Reg

This substance is not listed as a regulated poison on the Control of Poisons and Explosives Precursors Regulations

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#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (EC 273/2004)**

This substance is not listed on the GB Drug Precursors List

15.1.2. Other Information

Other information

: 1. Paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall not be: (a) placed on the market for the first time for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2010; (b) placed on the market for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2011; (c) used by professionals after 6 June 2012. For the purposes of this entry: (i) 'professional' means any natural or legal person, including workers and self-employed workers undertaking paint stripping in the course of their professional activity outside an industrial installation; (ii) 'industrial installation' means a facility used for paint stripping activities. 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the competent appropriate authority may, after having consulted other appropriate authorities allow for certain activities the use, by specifically trained professionals, of paint strippers containing dichloromethane and may allow the placing on the market of such paint strippers for supply to those professionals. A derogation shall define appropriate provisions for the protection of the health and safety of those professionals using paint strippers containing dichloromethane. Those provisions shall include a requirement that a professional shall hold a certificate, or provide other documentary evidence to that effect, so as to demonstrate proper training and competence to safely use paint strippers containing dichloromethane. 3. The training referred to in paragraph 2 shall cover as a minimum: (a) awareness, evaluation and management of risks to health, including information on existing substitutes or processes, which under their conditions of use are less hazardous to the health and safety of workers; (b) use of adequate ventilation; (c) use of appropriate personal protective equipment that complies with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. Employers and self-employed workers shall preferably replace dichloromethane with a chemical agent or process which, under its conditions of use, presents no risk, or a lower risk, to the health and safety of workers. Professional shall apply all relevant safety measures in practice, including the use of personal protective equipment. 4. Without prejudice to other legislation on workers protection, paint strippers containing dichloromethane in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight may be used in industrial installations only if the following minimum conditions are met: (a) effective ventilation in all processing areas, in particular for the wet processing and the drying of stripped articles: local exhaust ventilation at strip tanks supplemented by forced ventilation in those areas, so as to minimise exposure and to ensure compliance, where technically feasible, with relevant occupational exposure limits; (b) measures to minimise evaporation from strip tanks comprising: lids for covering strip tanks except during loading and unloading; suitable loading and unloading arrangements for strip tanks; and wash tanks with water or brine to remove excess solvent after unloading; (c) measures for the safe handling of dichloromethane in strip tanks comprising: pumps and pipework for transferring paint stripper to and from strip tanks; and suitable arrangements for safe cleaning of tanks and removal of sludge; (d) personal protective equipment that complies with Regulation (EU) 2016/425 comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing; and appropriate respiratory protective equipment where compliance with relevant occupational exposure limits cannot be otherwise achieved; (e) adequate information, instruction and training for operators in the use of such equipment. 5. Without prejudice to other legislation concerning the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, by 6 December 2011 paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall be visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals - verify where use is allowed.'.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

# Safety Data Sheet

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law.

Abbreviations and ac	cronyms:
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
BS EN	British Standard
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
ED	Endocrine disruptor
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources

: Classification according to Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (SEA) Regulation published in the Official Journal numbered 28848 on December 11, 2013. ECHA (European Chemicals Agency). REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

# Safety Data Sheet

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), UK

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.