

DANISH OIL

Page: 1

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Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product ider

Product name: DANISH OIL

Product code: DANO

Synonyms: DANISH OIL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	Rustins Ltd
	Waterloo Road
	Cricklewood
	London
	NW2 7TX
	United Kingdom
Tel:	+44 (0)208 450 4666
Fax:	+44 (0)208 452 2008
Email:	rustins@rustins.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification under CHIP:	-: R10; -: R66; -: R67	
Most important adverse effects:	Flammable. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may	
	cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
2.2. Label elements		

Hazard symbols:	Flammable.
Risk phrases:	R10: Flammable.
	R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Safety phrases:	S2: Keep out of the reach of children.
	S46: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
Precautionary phrases:	Contains cobalt octoate, methyl ethyl ketoxime. May produce an allergic reaction.
2.3 Other hazards	

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

DANISH OIL

Page: 2

<1%

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous ingredients:

METHANOL

EINECS	CAS	CHIP Classification	CLP Classification	Percent
200-659-6	67-56-1	F: R11; T: R23/24/25; T: R39/23/24/25	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Acute Tox. 3: H331; Acute Tox. 3: H311; Acute Tox. 3: H301; STOT SE 1: H370	<1%

NAPTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

265-150-3 6	64742-48-9	Xn: R65; -: R66; -: R67	-	70-90%
CALCIUM DRIER 4%				

-: R10; N: R51/53; Xn: R65; -: R66

Section 4: First aid measu	Ires
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4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact:	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a
	proprietry skin cleaner. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If irritation persists seek
	medical attention.

- **Eye contact:** Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.
 - **Ingestion:** If accidentally swallowed, wash mouth out with water. Do not induce vomiting, keep at rest and obtain medical attention.
- **Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air, keep the patient warm and at rest. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth if unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be mild irritation at the site of contact.

Eye contact: Irritation with short term redness and stinging.

Ingestion: May cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Inhalation: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Sand or earth. Do

NOT use water jet.

DANISH OIL

 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Exposure hazards: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke and Carbon Monoxide may be produced. 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters: Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do NOT allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses 	,
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ection 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions: Ventilate the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No Smoking. Avoid inhaling vapour.	
Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised	
personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing (see section	1
8).	
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. If the product enters drains or sewers, the local	
water company should be contacted immediately. In the case of contamination of	
streams, rivers or lakes contact the relevant environment agency.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
Clean-up procedures: Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand,	
earth, vermiculite. Transfer into a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the	
waste regulations (see section 13) Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which	
may produce sparks. Clean preferably with a detergent, avoid the use of solvents. There)
is a danger that absorbent material, used to clean up, may spontaneously combust.	
Absorbents should be sprayed with water prior to disposal.	
6.4. Reference to other sections	
ection 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	

Handling requirements: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Avoid skin and eye contact. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. Skin contact constitutes the most pronounced hazard. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Earth any equipment used in handling. Use non-sparking tools. Rags used to apply the oil may self-ignite without warning. Remove used cloths/rags from premises regularly and always at close of business. Rags should ideally be burnt. If this is not possible they should be washed in warm soapy water and disposed of Page: 3

DANISH OIL

Page: 4

without crumpling. Absorbents should be sprayed with water prior to disposal. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions:	Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from direct
	sunlight. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautionary
	measures to prevent product spills into drains, the ground or waters. Although the
	storage of this product is not subject to specific statutory requirements, the principles
	contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in containers,
	should be observed.
Suitable packaging:	Ideally, keep in original container. If transfer is necessary use glass or coated steel
	containers.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hazardous ingredients:

METHANOL

Workplace exposure limits:

•	•		•	
State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	266 mg/m3	333 mg/m3	-	-

Respirable dust

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures:	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by
	the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient
	to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant
	occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn
	(see Respiratory protection below).
Respiratory protection:	All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to
	control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements
	of the COSHH Regulations.
Hand protection:	Where repeated skin exposure may occur, wear Nitrile gloves.
Eye protection:	Safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand.
Skin protection:	Overalls are normally suitable, PVC apron if risk of splashing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

DANISH OIL

Colour: Brown

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Viscosity: Oily

Boiling point/range °C: 150-190

Relative density: 0.850 @ 20C

9.2. Other information

Other information: Not applicable.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, flames and sparks. Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke and carbon monoxide may

be produced.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity values: Not applicable.

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be mild irritation at the site of contact.

Eye contact: Irritation with short term redness and stinging.

Ingestion: May cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Inhalation: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: Not applicable.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Page: 5

Flash point °C: 43

DANISH OIL

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: Insoluble in water. Partially volatile. Partially absorbed into soil. The product should not

be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground

or surface waters.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: There is no data available on the product itself.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 3

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No

Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information: The product complies with the requirements of the Toy Safety Regulations, BS EN 71

Part 3 1995. A certificate of conformity can be supplied upon request.

DANGER of spontaneous combustion. After use, any cloths or rags should ideally be

DANISH OIL

	immediately burnt but if this is not possible, then they shoud be washed in warm soapy
	water.
	Even after washing the rags must never be crumpled into a ball but spread out and
	disposed of. Use synthetic fibre cloths where possible as natural fibres, especially
	cotton, increase the chances of spontaneous combustion.
	Brushes and rollers should be cleaned with White Spirit and then washed in warm
	soapy water.
Phrases used in s.2 and 3:	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H301: Toxic if swallowed.
	H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
	H331: Toxic if inhaled.
	H370: Causes damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> <state of<="" route="" th=""></state></or>
	exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.
	R10: Flammable.
	R11: Highly flammable.
	R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
	R39/23/24/25: Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in
	contact with skin and if swallowed.
	R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
	environment.
	R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
	R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Legal disclaimer:	The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive
	and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any
	damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. As the specific
	conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is
	responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.

Page: 7