

**KNOTTING** 

Page: 1

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## Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: KNOTTING
Product code: KNOT

Synonyms: KNOTTING

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Rustins Ltd

Waterloo Road Cricklewood London NW2 7TX

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0)208 450 4666

Fax: +44 (0)208 452 2008

Email: rustins@rustins.co.uk

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP: F: R11

Most important adverse effects: Highly flammable.

## 2.2. Label elements

Label elements under CHIP:

Hazard symbols: Highly flammable.



Risk phrases: R11: Highly flammable.

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **KNOTTING**

Page: 2

## 3.2. Mixtures

### Hazardous ingredients:

#### **ETHANOL**

EINECS	CAS	CHIP Classification	CLP Classification	Percent				
200-578-6	64-17-5	F: R11	Flam. Liq. 2: H225	50-70%				
METHANOL								
200-659-6	67-56-1	F: R11; T: R23/24/25; T: R39/23/24/25	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Acute Tox. 3: H331; Acute Tox. 3: H311; Acute Tox. 3: H301; STOT SE 1: H370	1-10%				

#### Section 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Do NOT

use solvents or thinners. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Eye contact: Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least

10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep the patient warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing,

properly trained personnel may administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration (NOT mouth to mouth). Give nothing by mouth if unconscious, place

in the recovery position and seek medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: Irritation. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin leading to

irritation and dermatitis.

Eye contact: Irritation, reddening and transient corneal damage.

Ingestion: May cause dizziness, loss of coordination, loss of consciousness, temporary or

permanent blindness, coma and death.

Inhalation: There may be irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract. Dizziness, loss of

coordination, nausea and vomitting may occur.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Water spray, fog or mist. Do NOT use water jet. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical

powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Sand or earth.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Highly flammable. May explode in a fire. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures

#### **KNOTTING**

Page: 3

with air. The vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the ground, collect in work pits and cellars, creating a fire and respiratory hazard. Vapour explosion and poison hazard indoors, outdoors and in sewers. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do NOT allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Ventilate the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No Smoking. Avoid inhaling vapour. The vapour is heavier than air and may collect in confined areas creating a respiratory and explosion hazard. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing (see section 8). Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. If the product enters drains or sewers, the local water company should be contacted immediately. In the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes contact the relevant environment agency. Vapour expolsion and poison hazard indoors, outdoors and in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite. Transfer into a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see section 13) Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which may produce sparks. Clean preferably with a detergent, avoid the use of solvents.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

# Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Avoid skin and eye contact. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. Emergency shower and eye wash facilities should be readily available. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Earth any equipment used in handling. Use non-sparking tools. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product.

#### **KNOTTING**

Page: 4

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from direct

sunlight. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautionary

measures to prevent product spills into drains, the ground or waters. Further guidance is contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.

Suitable packaging: Ideally, keep in original container. If transfer is necessary use glass or coated steel

containers. Do NOT store in lead, zinc, tin or aluminium.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### Hazardous ingredients:

#### **ETHANOL**

### Workplace exposure limits:

#### Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	1920 mg/m3		-	-

#### **METHANOL**

1.11.4	000 / 0	222 mg/m2		
UK	266 mg/m3	333 mg/m3	-	-

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Provide adequate ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of

particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see Respiratory protection

below).

Respiratory protection: If there is a risk of exposure to high vapour concentrations, use respiratory protective

equipment. All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to

meet the requirements of the COSHH Regulations.

Hand protection: Wear Nitrile gloves.

Eye protection: Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn. Ensure eye

bath is to hand.

**Skin protection:** Overalls are normally suitable, PVC apron if risk of splashing.

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid
Colour: Brown
Odour: Alcoholic

#### **KNOTTING**

Page: 5

Solubility in water: Partially miscible.

Viscosity: Viscous

Boiling point/range °C: 78 Flash point °C: 12

Relative density: 0.900 @ 20 C

## 9.2. Other information

Other information: Not applicable.

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, flames and sparks. Direct sunlight.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide.

### Section 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity values: Not applicable.

## Symptoms / routes of exposure

**Skin contact:** Irritation. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin leading to

irritation and dermatitis.

Eye contact: Irritation, reddening and transient corneal damage.

Ingestion: May cause dizziness, loss of coordination, loss of consciousness, temporary or

permanent blindness, coma and death.

Inhalation: There may be irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract. Dizziness, loss of

coordination, nausea and vomitting may occur.

# **Section 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: Not applicable.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Expected to be biodegradable.

**KNOTTING** 

Page: 6

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility:** Partially soluble in water. Partially volatile. Partially absorbed into soil. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: It is unlikely this material will present an environmental hazard.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**NB:** The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

## **Section 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1263

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 3

## 14.4. Packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No Marine pollutant: No

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

# **Section 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

**Chemical safety assessment:** A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

#### Section 16: Other information

#### **KNOTTING**

Page: 7

### Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No

\* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and 3: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

453/2010.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H370: Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

R11: Highly flammable.

R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R39/23/24/25: Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.